Appl. No. 10/708,923 Amdt. dated July 12, 2007 Reply to Office action of May 21, 2007

REMARKS

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

1. Claims 1-3, 5 and 13-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Matsuoka (US 6,263,120).

5 Response:

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Claim 1

As recited by Matsuoka in col. 2, lines 41-53, "Another object of the present invention is to provide an image-data interpolation processing method that can ... discriminate whether the area contains an edge-portion according to a mean value obtained for the domain and select a suitable interpolating method, whereby the discrete cosine transformation of image data can be easily done and the discrimination of edge-portion can be done without consideration of direction of the edge portion."

In addition, as recited by Matsuoka in col. 4, lines 42-52, "The image discriminating step (STEP 4) discriminates the presence or absence of an edge-portion in the partial image ... The filter selecting step (STEP 5) selects either a bilinear interpolation filter or a cubic-convolution interpolation filter depending on whether the partial image contains or does not contains an edge portion (i.e., according to the discriminating result). The image-data interpolating step (STEP 6) executes interpolation of the partial image data by using the selected filter." Thus, the "suitable interpolating method" mentioned above is implemented by utilizing a filter selected from the "bilinear interpolation filter" and the "cubic-convolution interpolation filter", where the former is utilized when "a partial image area is discriminated to an image not containing an edge-portion" (see col. 6, lines 38-52), and the latter is utilized when "An partial image is discriminated as an edge-containing image" (see col. 6, line 53 through col. 7, line 5). Please note that Equation (13) is simply a matrix operation (see col. 6, line 61), so there is no interpolation direction that is flexibly determined and utilized for interpolating a pixel.

In regard to claim 1 of the present application, at least one inventive idea claimed in

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claim 1 is different from Matsuoka, and is neither suggested nor taught by Matsuoka. As recited in Step (b) of claim 1 of the present application, "if an edge is detected, determining an <u>interpolation direction</u> for the pixel according to the DCT data, and interpolating the pixel according to the <u>interpolation direction</u>." (*emphasis added*) Therefore, by considering the method of claim 1 of the present application as a whole, Applicant believes that the obviousness rejection to claim 1 is improper. Reconsideration of claim 1 is respectfully requested.

Claims 2-13

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Claims 2-13 are dependent on claim 1, and should be allowed if claim 1 is found allowable.

Claim 14

In light of above statements under <u>Claim 1</u>, Applicant asserts that the claimed features of claim 14 are not obvious, with respect to Matsuoka. Reconsideration of claim 14 is respectfully requested.

15 Claims 15-20

Claims 15-20 are dependent on claim 14, and should be allowed if claim 14 is found allowable.

Allowable Subject Matter

Applicant acknowledges and appreciates the allowance of claims 4, 6-12 and 17-20.

Conclusion:

Thus, all pending claims are submitted to be in condition for allowance with respect to the cited art for at least the reasons presented above. Applicant respectfully requests that a timely Notice of Allowance be issued in this case.

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Sincerely yours,

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